

Overview

Asphalt Anchors Corp. has developed the **BoltHold™** family of anchors suitable for mounting objects to asphalt surfaces. The AM625 is our 2022 addition to the family and offers a powerful solution at a remarkably low cost. (The 'AM' stands for Asphalt Molly. The '625' references the 6" length of the anchor and the 0.25" screw diameter.)

The sealed plastic anchor is 6" long and 3/4" in diameter. It accommodates a special 1/4" thread-cutting screw that is supplied with the anchor, along with a washer. The anchor is bonded to the asphalt using our EPX2 or EPX3 adhesive grouts. The use of EPX3 for this anchor offers 5-15% pull resistance improvement. The specifications in this document are based on the use of the EPX2.

The AM625 is suitable for medium force applications where the pull resistance and shear forces are less than 1,500 lbs. and 1,000 lbs. respectively. Ideal applications are mounting bike racks, outdoor furniture, flexible road delineators, shopping cart corrals, ADA street corner mats for the visually impaired, and flood control anchoring.

The anchor can be shortened to any length down to 3". For details see AN63.

Description

The AM625 is molded from engineering-grade wide-temperature range resin. An extensive maze of fins and steps on the outside body promote a strong bond with the adhesive grout to resist pull and rotational forces. The top of the anchor incorporates an oversized head to prevent the anchor from dropping below the surface and to provide a clean cover for the hole in the asphalt.

An internal 1/4" hole running through the anchor accepts a custom plastic-thread-cutting steel screw. The screw supplied with the anchor is 1.50" long and can clamp plates as thick as 0.75". The patented¹ anchor design limits the torque required to thread the screw, regardless of the length of the screw. The screw can penetrate up to 5" inside the anchor. The outside screw length is limited by considerations of the shear forces that the load will exert on the anchor (the shear force is proportional to the height of the screw above the anchor). The screw requires a T30 (Torx) star driver bit for a non-slip grip allowing the use of an electric drill/screwdriver.



A 0.7" diameter washer is provided with the anchor to be placed under the screw head.

Both screw and washer are made of zinc plated steel. The anchor itself is rust proof and can be used around sources of potable water. A stainless-steel screw and washer are available on special order (AM625-SS).

The anchor is shipped with a red snap-in cap to protect the top opening during installation. The cap is reusable for applications that require seasonal removal of the attached item, such as temporary signs or summer outdoor furniture. The screw can be used to seal the hole when not in use instead of the red cap and guarantees that the screws will not be misplaced when the anchor is not in use. The black colored anchor blends with the asphalt and is unobtrusive even when no object is attached to it.

Force Rating

The resistance of the installed anchors to extraction depends on the nature of the asphalt and the adhesive used. The AM625 is pull-rated at 1,500 lbs. when installed with the EPX2 or EPX3 adhesive grout on **asphalt of 2.5" thickness** or more. At ground level, the anchor can resist 1,000 lbs. of shear force (sideways force trying to shear the anchor or the screw). The anchor is rated for 200 in-lbs. (16 ft-lbs.) rotary torque. Rotary torque is exerted when tightening the attaching screw. The values given are ultimate. We suggest derating the forces by 20%. For applications where the anchor is under continuous tension², derate by 50%.

Note that, unlike our metal anchors, the AM625 pull resistance does not increase with thicker asphalt. The limiting factor is the structural strength of the anchor.

To find out if an anchor is suitable for your application, the safe way is to make a test installation. You will be able to leave the anchor in place after the test without the need to remove it, as the anchor is flush with the roadway surface and blends with the asphalt.

¹ US Patent applied for

² For example, a taught tent guy wire

Feel free to consult us at the phone number shown at the bottom of this page.

About Asphalt

Asphalt is weaker than concrete. Asphalt flows under maintained pressure over time and thus cannot support expansion-type wedge anchors that are so effective in concrete. BoltHold anchors use a stress-free adhesive bond between the anchors and the asphalt, assuring long term stability.

The length of the anchor serves to increase the shear resistance, even if the asphalt layer is only 2.5" thick, by embedding the anchor in the compacted gravel layer and soil below the asphalt layer.

Installation

The installation requires drilling a 7/8", 6" deep hole into the asphalt and the gravel below it. The cleaned hole is then filled with adhesive grout and the anchor is dropped in. The anchor is ready for use in 15-45 minutes depending on the adhesive and ambient temperature. We recommend using only our adhesives as the specifications are based on using the EPX2³ and EPX3.

Always consult the latest online installation instructions before installing these anchors. A comprehensive installation manual is [available](#) on our web site under 'Library'. The online manual is updated regularly to reflect the availability of adhesive grouts, new installation techniques and user feedback.

KIT PACKING INFORMATION	
Anchors per Set	6
Set bag dimensions	16 x 16 x 4cm 6.3" x 6.3" x 1.6"
Set weight	0.6 lbs./ 0.24 Kg
Number of anchors per Master	216 (36 sets)
Master Carton dimensions	35 x 34 x 21cm 14" x 13" x 8.3"
Master Carton Gross Weight,	17.6 lbs. / 8 Kg 0.025 CBM

Adhesive Grout Selection

The term "adhesive grout" is used here in a broad meaning; the actual materials are either an outdoors-rated expanding cement mix or a 2-part hard epoxy. We offer our tested EPX2 cement and EPX3 resin (epoxy) grout. Our tests were performed using exclusively the EPX2 or the EPX3. If you use an alternate adhesive, the results may be different.

You will need about 60 cc (mL) of grout per anchor. Our EPX3 single-cartridge epoxy tube covers 4 AM625 anchors. A bag of EPX2 covers

4 anchors. Bear in mind that the anchors and the EPX2 are sold in 6-packs, not individually. So, one six-pack EPX2 covers 24 anchors.

Packing

The BoltHold AM625 anchors are packaged in a "Set". The set includes 6 anchors, 6 screws, 6 washers and a graphical instruction sheet. A Master carton holds 36 six-pack sets (216 anchors).



Tariffs

The AM625 are shipped under NMFC class 50. HTS code 3926.90.9985.

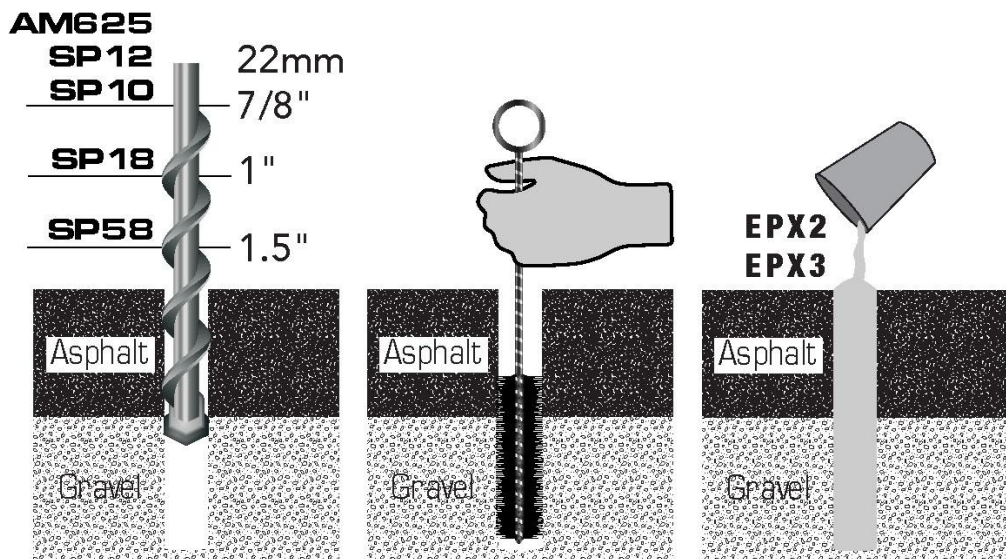
Anchor Metrics	
Anchor Length⁴	3" - 6" (150 mm)
Anchor body diameter	3/4" (18 mm)
Anchor head diameter	1.2" (30 mm)
Head thickness	0.08" (2 mm)
Anchor weight (incl screw)	0.09 lbs. (0.04.
Internal Thread	1/4"
Screw allowed depth	5" (125 mm)
Color, anchor	Black
Washer size	0.7" (27mm)
Pull resistance, ultimate	1,500 lbs.
Shear Resistance, ultimate	1,000 lbs.
Torque resistance, minimum	200 lbs.-in
Grout volume required	60cc (2 FL oz)
Anchors per EPX2 bag/Tub	4 / 40
AM625 6-pack SKU	01-7625.K
AM625 216-pack SKU	01-7625.L
AM625 1-unit sample	01-7625.1

³ The EPX2 should be less than 24 months old and was protected from moisture and extremes of temperatures during storage.

⁴ Factory supplied as 6" length but can be cut in field down to 3".

BOLTHOLD™

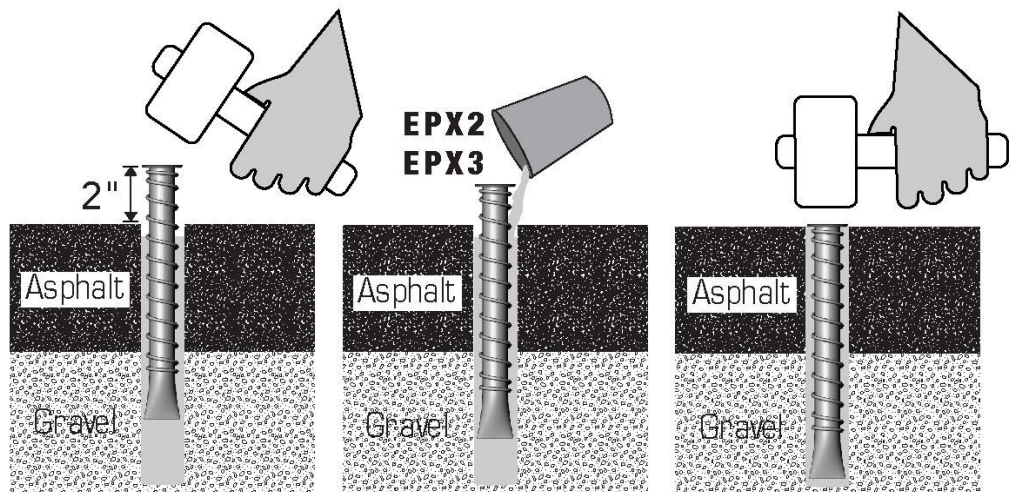
Anchor Installation manual V8.2



1. Drill

2. Brush

3. Pour

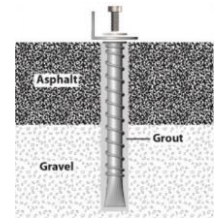


4. Hammer

5. Top Up

6. Flush

BoltHold™ is a family of anchors specifically designed for anchoring to asphalt. The anchors are suitable for attaching objects and structures to asphalt. This document provides instructions and a guide for the installation of our line of anchors. Updated information on anchor installation, as well as application-specific calculators, can be found on our web site asphaltanchors.com



Please review [AN62](#) for recommendations for site preparation, view [AN36](#) for cold weather handling and [AN65](#) for hot weather handling.

STATIC VS. DYNAMIC STRESS

Asphalt “flows” under *continuous* pull stress. Asphalt is, however, very resilient when subjected to short duration forces. Expansion anchors, which depend on pressure against the walls and work well in concrete, will loosen quickly when used in asphalt. BoltHold anchors, however, use an **adhesive** (also referred to as “**grout**”) to bind with the asphalt in a stress-free bond and will therefore hold fast for many years. *Please note that this adhesive grout has nothing in common with tile grout.*

When considering securing a structure using the BoltHold anchors, review how stable the object is without the effects of wind, ice or snow. If the structure stands solidly on its own, you may load the anchors at 80% of their pull rating. If the object will apply a static pull force on the anchors just as it stands, limit the load on the anchors to 20% of the pull rating.

PULL RATING

See online [calculator](#)
<https://aac.fyi/GroupCalc>

Ratings are based on a minimum distance of 12” between anchors. If the distance is less than 12”, de-rate the pull force of all but the first anchor by 6% for every inch less than 12”². Ratings are based on asphalt thickness of 2½”. For heavier asphalt, increase the allowed forces proportionately³.

	SP10 / AM625	SP12	SP18	SP58
Rated Pull, lbs.	1,500	2,000	2,500	¹ 5,000
Bolt Torque lb-in	200	200	280	720
Drill Depth	6”	12”	12”	10”
Drill diameter	7/8”	7/8”	1”	1.5”
Drill Part Number	83-1002	83-1002	83-1003	n/a
Anchors per EPX2 bag	3-4	2	1.5	0.8
Anchors per EPX2 tub	60	30	15	10
Anchors per EPX3 cartridge	4.5	2.7	1.4	1
Adhesive required, mL (cc)	60	120	150	290

Table 1

¹ This anchor is specified at 3” asphalt thickness.

² An example for derating due to proximity of anchors: 4 anchors are installed 5” apart. The force capacity for the 2nd 3rd and 4th anchors is derated by (12-5) x 0.06 = 42%. See de-rating calculator asphaltanchors.com/calculators.

³ An example for calculating the effect of asphalt thickness: 3” asphalt will increase the anchor’s force capacity to 3/2.5 = 1.20. Thus, SP10 rated at 1,500lbs. will handle 1,800 lbs. See Group calculator asphaltanchors.com/calculators.

BOLT LENGTH

The minimum required thread *inside* the anchors is 5 turns of the bolt or 0.75". The maximum is the length of the anchor less 2". There is no strength benefit in having more than 0.75" of thread inside the anchor.

ADHESIVE SELECTION

The adhesive binds the anchors on the one hand and bonds with the asphalt on the other hand. Suitable materials are expanding cement or low shrink epoxy. The adhesive must be self-leveling (meaning that it flows easily, to fill in crevices and voids). It must cure to a hard material. The cured adhesive must be immune to extended exposure to water. The amount of adhesive required depends on the model of the anchor you selected. See Table 1.

EPX2 BAG

EPX2 TUB

The most cost-effective anchoring results are achieved using our EPX2, an expanding anchoring cement. The EPX2 is packaged either in bags or in a large tub. The bags hold 12oz (P/N 82-5002.K for a six-pack). The re-sealable bags allow adding water, kneading the mixture, then pouring it. The EPX2 is also available in 10 lbs. tubs at a lower cost (P/N 82-5002.010).



EPX3 Cartridge



Our EPX3 epoxy (a 2-part acrylic resin) is packaged in a single cartridge compatible with caulk guns⁴. We recommend high-thrust (>26:1) guns such as our [CG40](#). The EPX3 can be applied at temperatures as low as 14°F (see footnote⁵ on next page) and offers the convenience of cartridge application requiring no manual mixing.

OTHER

Our ratings of the anchors are based on tests that we have run with the EPX2 and EPX3. Your results and the reliability of the installation using other grouts may vary. Do not use Rocktite or Kwixset as the cured product is water soluble.

REQUIRED SUPPLIES

Before starting the installation, make sure that you have the following items:

1. Adhesive in quantity per table 1
2. If the object that you are attaching is thicker than 3/8", procure the required bolts⁶. Otherwise, the bolts provided with the anchors will do.
3. If you provide your own bolts, you will need Permatex anti-seize paste to facilitate removal of the bolts in the future. #80078 for steel anchors, #77124 for stainless steel anchors.



⁴ Due to the force required to squeeze the epoxy we recommend using a hi-thrust caulk gun. See the [EPX3 datasheet](#).

⁵ Extra caution is advised when working at temperatures below freezing as the normally porous asphalt may be frozen and the grout will not be able to grab its crevices. The result will be a much weaker installation.

⁶ Length of bolt equals thickness of object plus thickness of washer plus 0.75", rounded up.

4. Masonry drill bit per Table 1
5. Tools — hammer-drill, mallet, wrench for bolts, vacuum cleaner or blower or broom, nylon tube brush.
6. 3 plastic containers and mixing sticks (EPX2 only)
7. Caulk gun if using the EPX3.



FOR REALLY FLUSH INSTALLATION

The head of the anchor is about 0.080" (2mm) high. That only presents a problem if the attached object is removed for the winter for snow plowing, as some snowplows may snag the head of the anchor. The asphalt may be compacted to accommodate the entire head of the anchor using our Flattener tool (P/N 01-6390). The tool is placed in the hole *before* any adhesive is applied and hammered in to compact the area below the head. The tool is not suitable for the SP58 anchors. **Do not use the tool on an installed anchor.**



DIRECTIONS

The directions that follow apply to the use of the EPX2 in bag or tub, and for the use of the EPX3. Sections specifically for the EPX3 are shaded to separate them from the EPX2.

EPX2 USE

The original mixing instructions for the EPX2 were based on adding water to a measured volume of EPX2 powder. The shortcoming of that method is that the mixture switches abruptly from powder to liquid.

We found that adding powder to water allows for a controlled increase in the mixture's density. The instructions below have been rewritten to follow this method.

Old labels on EPX2 bags may show the add-water-to-powder.

1. Prior to the activation of the adhesive, make sure that you have the anchors on hand. Do not separate the bolts from the anchors.
2. Note that the EPX2 and EPX3 are fast curing; you have less than 10 minutes handling time for the EPX2 and 20' for the EPX3.
 - a. At elevated temperatures (above 85F), the pot life becomes very short (single minutes). See AN65 for solutions before proceeding with the installation.
 - b. At low temperatures (below 45F) the EPX2 may not cure. See AN36 for solutions
3. We recommend that you drill and clean all the holes first, then proceed with applying the adhesive.
4. Drill the holes in the diameter and length per table 1. If you use a larger drill diameter or drill deeper than specified, you will need more adhesive.

5. Use compressed air or a blower to clean the drilled dust from around the hole, then thoroughly clean the hole of any internal dust. Wear goggles for safety.
6. Using a nylon tube brush (such as our part number 46-3001), clean the hole's first 4-6 inches with an up/down motion while pressing against the walls. Tap the brush after every few strokes to clear it from dust. It is essential that all the dust be removed and that the walls of the hole have been slightly roughed up. It may require 4 separate passes to get all the dust out.
7. Blow the area clean again.
8. Pour a pre-measured volume of water into the mixing container. We recommend mixing enough material for 4 holes; if less, the quantities of the grout and water become small and harder to measure. Use the table below to estimate the water and adhesive volumes:



Anchor	Water Volume, for 4 anchors		EPX2 Volume, for 4 anchors		EPX2 bags for 4 anchors
	CUPS	Fl. Oz.	CUPS	Fl. Oz.	# Bags
SP10	0.5	3.8	1.2	9.4	0.9
SP12	0.6	4.9	1.6	12.4	1.2
SP18	1.6	12.8	4	32.0	3.2
SP58	2.3	18.1	5.7	45.3	4.3
AM625	0.5	3.8	1.2	9.4	0.9

9. Slowly add the EPX2 powder and stir continuously. There is variability in the required amount, depending on the water content of the adhesive. The end consistency of the mixture should be syrup-like. Note that the transition from liquid to solid is quite abrupt, so add the powder slowly. Aim at a consistency as shown in the picture on the right.



10. If the consistency is too thin, the adhesive will require much longer to cure and may not reach full strength. If too much adhesive was applied, there will be lumps in the mixture and it will clog the top of the hole and the adhesive will not flow to the full length of the hole. The pull resistance will be severely reduced.
11. If more water is required, add one tablespoon at a time.
12. Slowly pour the mixture into the hole.
13. Make sure that the adhesive fills the hole from the bottom to the very top of the hole, even a little above it. Failure to fill to the top will greatly weaken the bond between the anchor and the asphalt. To eliminate air pockets, prod the adhesive with a thin tool such as a chopstick.

EPX3 DIRECTIONS

[See EPX3 datasheet](#)

1. **EPX3 USER:** Place the EPX3 cartridge in a single cartridge caulk gun. Remove the protective nut at the top of the cartridge. There is no need to puncture the opening as in most cartridges.
2. Attach the supplied mixing nozzle to the threaded front of the cartridge.
3. Pump a full length of the nozzle so that the mix coming out of the nozzle is uniformly gray. Discard this mix. Do not use this mix in the hole.
4. Proceed to fill the hole with the mixture, starting with the nozzle deep in the hole and slowly retracting the nozzle as the hole fills. This assures that the epoxy will reach the full length of the anchor. Prodding the adhesive with the tip of the nozzle will collapse air pockets.
5. Make sure that the adhesive reaches the very top of the hole, even a little above it. Failure to fill to the top will greatly weaken the bond between the anchor and the asphalt.

INSERT ANCHOR

1. Push the anchor into the hole with a slow down-up motion so that the entire length of the anchor will be wetted by the mixture. When the anchor head is about 2" from the asphalt, inspect the level of the adhesive in the hole. If the level is below the surface, top up the adhesive without pulling out the anchor.
2. Push the anchor in until its head is flush with the surface. You may need to use the mallet to force the anchor to seat all the way, because the gravel/soil at the bottom tends to close on itself.
3. Immediately wet-clean the area around the anchor to remove unsightly adhesive before it cures. Alternately, scrape the excess using a trowel or a piece of cardboard.
4. The time for cure is about 15 minutes at 75°F. The time for full cure is 1 hour. Wait 2 hours before exerting a pull load or a heavy torque on the anchors. For pull tests (to failure) wait 24 hours.
5. If the EPX2 adhesive fails to start curing due to low temperatures (45F and below), use a blow torch to gently heat the inserted anchor. That will usually get the curing process to start.



ATTACH OBJECT

1. Remove the bolt and washer from the anchor (can be done after 15 minutes at 75F or higher).
2. If you use your own bolt, apply a small amount of Permatex paste along the thread (one side is enough). Use Permatex 80078 for steel anchors, use Permatex 77124 for Stainless Steel anchors.
3. Making sure that the plate to be attached is flat and in contact with the head of the anchor, align the holes in the plate with the anchors.
4. Insert the washer and the bolt and tighten. Do not exceed the torque allowed in Table 1. **Do not use an impact wrench.**



EPX2 WARNINGS



- Mixed with water but not yet cured, the adhesive is caustic and can cause burns to eye and skin.
- Prevent aluminum from coming in contact for a lengthy period with the installed EPX2 adhesive. No such precaution is necessary for the EPX3.
- Do not use the EPX2 with Dacromet or similar coating that contains aluminum.
- Use of the EPX2 at temperatures lower than 45F is not recommended due to the slowed curing process.

CALCULATORS

Our website offers 6 useful calculators that will save you time and will recommend the least-cost anchors for your application. You can find the calculators at asphaltanchors.com/Calculators.

- The **Grout** calculator computes the required amount of adhesive for the selected number of anchors of any one anchor model.
- The **Group** calculator provides the rated pull resistance of a group of anchors installed close to each other, in asphalt of specified thickness.
- The **Fence** calculator suggests the number and model of anchors to secure surface-mounted fence posts to asphalt.
- The **Sign** calculator suggests the number and model of anchors to secure a surface-mounted signpost to asphalt.
- The **Carport** calculator suggests the number and model of anchors to secure surface-mounted carport posts to asphalt.
- The **Shed** calculator is like the carport calculator except that it supports walls on all sides.

ANCHOR REMOVAL

Sometimes an installed anchor needs to be removed. The best time to do so is immediately after installation, before the adhesive is fully cured. That is usually within 15-60 minutes of pouring the adhesive.

The recommended method is to use a socket or wrench and over-tighten the bolt to the point where the entire anchor will rotate and break away from the adhesive that surrounds it. Once the anchor rotates in the asphalt, try and rotate it counterclockwise and it may thread itself out. If that does not work, use two large flat screwdrivers or a nail puller under the anchor's head to extract it.

Removing the anchor this way allows you to reinstall an anchor in the same hole. If the adhesive is already fully cured, the over-tightening method may result in the head of the anchor breaking off the body of the anchor. In that case, you can use a suitable metal drill and drill out the body of the anchor.