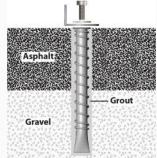
BOLTHOLD EPX2 Datasheet v3.6

BoltHold is a family of anchors specifically designed for anchoring to asphalt surfaces. The anchors require the use of grout to bind the anchors to the asphalt without stress.



Description

The EPX2 is a tested and proven grout, offered for sale by Asphalt Anchors Corp. It is a cement-based anchoring cement which expands as it cures, to fill crevices in the asphalt. The material is resistant to immersion in water once it is fully cured.

Working Temperatures The grout can be mixed and applied at temperatures from 45F to 100F. Curing time increases with lower temperatures. At temperatures above 100F curing time maybe too short for handling. Please refer to our application note AN65 for methods to handle high temperatures. Follow procedures for handling

Pot time 10 minutes mixture working time. Allow 2 hours for a set of 2000 psi. The grout will further harden over time, but at 2,000 psi it is already stronger than the asphalt it bonds with.

Shelf Life

When kept in dry and cool environment, shelf life is over 5 years.

Fire Rating

Contains no combustible materials.

<u>Mixing</u>

The EPX2 is provided as a dry powder. It requires water to activate. The mix requires **approximately** 4oz of water by weight to 12 oz of EPX2 powder by weight. See Anchor installation manual for details



and the correct mixing procedure.

Note that some find it easier to add the powder to water rather than water to the powder.

Packaging

The EPX2 is available in 12 oz. bags and

in 10 lb. tubs. The bags are packaged in a 6-pack carton, and are not available as individual bags.



Yield: The EPX2 12oz. bag cures into 250 mL mix. One **bag** is enough for 3 SP10, or 1.5 SP12, or 1.2 SP18, or 0.6 SP58 anchors. One **tub** is enough for



One **tub** is enough for 60 SP10, 30 SP12, 15 SP18, or 10 SP58. Use our online Grout Calculator to figure how much grout you need.

<u>Warning</u>

The powder is not considered hazardous, but it is caustic once mixed with water. Wear eye protection when dealing with the powder. Avoid direct contact with eyes or skin.

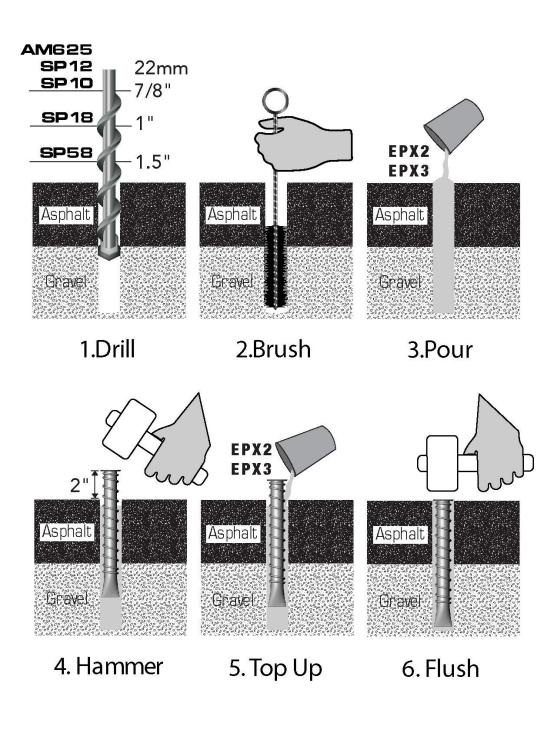
See <u>Safety Data Sheet</u> for details.

<u>Summary</u>

	6-Bags	tub
Weight	5.5 lb.	10 lb.
Dimensions	6 x 8 x 4"	8 x8 x 6"
SKU	82-5002.K	82-5002.010

10 Ridge Rd, West Orange, NJ 07052 USA Tel: 1.973.669.8214 Fax: 1.973.669.5161 email: marketing@asphaltanchors.com WEB: www.asphaltanchors.com

Anchor Installation manual V8.2





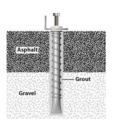
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Page 1 of 7

BOLTHOLDTM Anchor Installation Guide V8.2

BoltHoldtm is a family of anchors specifically designed for anchoring to asphalt. The anchors are suitable for attaching objects and structures to asphalt. This document provides instructions and a guide for the installation of our line of anchors. Updated information on anchor installation, as well as application-specific calculators, can be found on our web site <u>asphaltanchors.com</u>



Please review <u>AN62</u> for recommendations for site preparation, view <u>AN36</u> for cold weather handling and <u>AN65</u> for hot weather handling.

STATIC VS. DYNAMIC STRESS

Asphalt "flows" under *continuous* pull stress. Asphalt is, however, very resilient when subjected to short duration forces. Expansion anchors, which depend on pressure against the walls and work well in concrete, will loosen quickly when used in asphalt. BoltHold anchors, however, use an **adhesive** (also referred to as "**grout**") to bind with the asphalt in a stress-free bond and will therefore hold fast for many years. *Please note that this adhesive grout has nothing in common with tile grout.*

When considering securing a structure using the BoltHold anchors, review how stable the object is without the effects of wind, ice or snow. If the structure stands solidly on its own, you may load the anchors at 80% of their pull rating. If the object will apply a static pull force on the anchors just as it stands, limit the load on the anchors to 20% of the pull rating.

PULL RATING

See online <u>calculator</u> https://aac.fyi/GroupCalc Ratings are based on a minimum distance of 12" between anchors. If the distance is less than 12", de-rate the pull force of all but the first anchor by 6% for every inch less than $12^{"2}$. Ratings are based on asphalt thickness of $2\frac{12}{"}$. For heavier asphalt, increase the allowed forces proportionately³.

	SP10 / AM625 SP12		SP18	SP58	
Rated Pull, Ibs.	1,500	2,000	2,500	¹ 5,000	
Bolt Torque lb-in	200	200	280	720	
Drill Depth	6"	12″	12″	10"	
Drill diameter	7/8"		1″	1.5″	
Drill Part Number	83-1002	83-1002	83-1003	n/a	
Anchors per EPX2 bag	(2 bag 3-4		1.5	0.8	
Anchors per EPX2 tub	60	30	15	10	
Anchors per EPX3 cartridge	4.5	2.7	1.4	1	
Adhesive required, mL (cc)	60	120	150	290	

Table 1

³ An example for calculating the effect of asphalt thickness: 3" asphalt will increase the anchor's force capacity to 3/2.5 = 1.20. Thus, SP10 rated at 1,500lbs. will handle 1,800 lbs. See Group calculator <u>asphaltanchors.com/calculators</u>.



¹ This anchor is specified at 3" asphalt thickness.

² An example for derating due to proximity of anchors: 4 anchors are installed 5" apart. The force capacity for the $2^{nd} 3^{rd}$ and 4^{th} anchors is derated by (12-5) x 0.06 = 42%. See de-rating calculator <u>asphaltanchors.com/calculators</u>.

BOLTHOLD^M Anchor Installation Guide V8.2

BOLT LENGTH	The minimum required thread <i>inside</i> the anchors is 5 turns of the bolt or 0.75". The maximum is the length of the anchor less 2". There is no strength benefit in having more than 0.75" of thread inside the anchor.		
ADHESIVE SELECTION	The adhesive binds the anchors on the one hand and bonds with the asphalt on the other hand. Suitable materials are expanding cement or low shrink epoxy. The adhesive must be self-leveling (meaning that it flows easily, to fill in crevices and voids). It must cure to a hard material. The cured adhesive must be immune to extended exposure to water. The amount of adhesive required depends on the model of the anchor you selected. See Table 1.		
EPX2 BAG EPX2 TUB	The most cost-effective anchoring results are achieved using our EPX2, an expanding anchoring cement. The EPX2 is packaged either in bags or in a large tub. The bags hold 12oz (P/N 82-5002.K for a six-pack). The re-sealable bags allow adding water, kneading the mixture, then pouring it. The EPX2 is also available in 10 lbs. tubs at a lower cost (P/N 82-5002.010).		
EPX3 Cartridge	Correction of the convenience of cartridge application requiring no manual mixing.		
OTHER	Our ratings of the anchors are based on tests that we have run with the EPX2 and EPX3. Your results and the reliability of the installation using other grouts may vary. Do not use Rocktite or Kwixset as the cured product is water soluble.		
REQUIRED SUPPLIES	 Before starting the installation, make sure that you have the following items: Adhesive in quantity per table 1 If the object that you are attaching is thicker than 3/8", procure the required bolts⁶. Otherwise, the bolts provided with the anchors will do. If you provide your own bolts, you will need Permatex anti-seize paste to facilitate removal of the bolts in the future. #80078 for steel anchors, #77124 for stainless steel anchors. 		

⁶ Length of bolt equals thickness of object plus thickness of washer plus 0.75", rounded up.



⁴ Due to the force required to squeeze the epoxy we recommend using a hi-thrust caulk gun. See the EPX3 datasheet.

⁵ Extra caution is advised when working at temperatures below freezing as the normally porous asphalt may be frozen and the grout will not be able to grab its crevices. The result will be a much weaker installation.

BOLTHOLD Anchor Installation Guide V8.2

- 4. Masonry drill bit per Table 1 5. Tools — hammer-drill, mallet, wrench for bolts, vacuum cleaner or blower or broom, nylon tube brush. 6. 3 plastic containers and mixing sticks (EPX2 only) 7. Caulk gun if using the EPX3. FOR REALLY FLUSH The head of the anchor is about 0.080" (2mm) high. That only presents a problem if the attached object is removed for the winter for snow **INSTALLATION** plowing, as some snowplows may snag the head of the anchor. The asphalt may be compacted to accommodate the entire head of the anchor using our Flattener tool (P/N 01-6390). The tool is placed in the hole *before* any adhesive is applied and hammered in to compact the area below the head. The tool is not suitable for the SP58 anchors. Do not use the tool on an installed anchor. The directions that follow apply to the use of the EPX2 in bag or tub, and for the use DIRECTIONS of the EPX3. Sections specifically for the EPX3 are shaded to separate them from the EPX2. The original mixing instructions for the EPX2 were based on adding water to a measured volume of EPX2 powder. The shortcoming of that method is that the mixture switches abruptly from powder to liquid. **EPX2 USE** We found that adding powder to water allows for a controlled increase in the mixture's density. The instructions below have been rewritten to follow this method. Old labels on EPX2 bags may show the add-water-to-powder. 1. Prior to the activation of the adhesive, make sure that you have the anchors on hand. Do not separate the bolts from the anchors. 2. Note that the EPX2 and EPX3 are fast curing; you have less than 10 minutes handling time for the EPX2 and 20' for the EPX3.
 - a. At elevated temperatures (above 85F), the pot life becomes very short (single minutes). See AN65 for solutions before proceeding with the installation.
 - b. At low temperatures (below 45F) the EPX2 may not cure. See AN36 for solutions
 - 3. We recommend that you drill and clean all the holes first, then proceed with applying the adhesive.
 - 4. Drill the holes in the diameter and length per table 1. If you use a larger drill diameter or drill deeper than specified, you will need more adhesive.



- 5. Use compressed air or a blower to clean the drilled dust from around the hole, then thoroughly clean the hole of any internal dust. Wear goggles for safety.
- 6. Using a nylon tube brush (such as our part number 46-3001), clean the hole's first 4-6 inches with an up/down motion while pressing against the walls. Tap the brush after every few strokes to clear it from dust. It is essential that all the dust be removed and that the walls of the hole have been slightly roughed up. It may require 4 separate passes to get all the dust out.



- 7. Blow the area clean again.
- 8. Pour a pre-measured volume of water into the mixing container. We recommend mixing enough material for 4 holes; if less, the quantities of the grout and water become small and harder to measure. Use the table below to estimate the water and adhesive volumes:

Anchor	Water Volume,		EPX2 Volume,		EPX2 bags for
	for 4 anchors		for 4 anchors		4 anchors
	CUPS	Fl. Oz.	CUPS	Fl. Oz.	# Bags
SP10	0.5	3.8	1.2	9.4	0.9
SP12	0.6	4.9	1.6	12.4	1.2
SP18	1.6	12.8	4	32.0	3.2
SP58	2.3	18.1	5.7	45.3	4.3
AM625	0.5	3.8	1.2	9.4	0.9

9. Slowly add the EPX2 powder and stir continuously. There is variability in the required amount, depending on the water content of the adhesive. The end consistency of the mixture should be syrup-like. Note that the transition from liquid to solid is quite abrupt, so add the powder slowly. Aim at a consistency as shown in the picture on the right.



- 10. If the consistency is too thin, the adhesive will require much longer to cure and may not reach full strength. If too much adhesive was applied, there will be lumps in the mixture and it will clog the top of the hole and the adhesive will not flow to the full length of the hole. The pull resistance will be severely reduced.
- 11. If more water is required, add one tablespoon at a time.
- 12. Slowly pour the mixture into the hole.
- 13. Make sure that the adhesive fills the hole from the bottom to the very top of the hole, even a little above it. Failure to fill to the top will greatly weaken the bond between the anchor and the asphalt. To eliminate air pockets, prod the adhesive with a thin tool such as a chopstick.



BOLTHOLD Anchor Installation Guide V8.2

EPX3 DIRECTIONS

See EPX3 datasheet

- 1. EPX3 USER: Place the EPX3 cartridge in a single cartridge caulk gun. Remove the protective nut at the top of the cartridge. There is no need to puncture the opening as in most cartridges.
- 2. Attach the supplied mixing nozzle to the threaded front of the cartridge.
- 3. Pump a full length of the nozzle so that the mix coming out of the nozzle in uniformly gray. Discard this mix. Do not use this mix in the hole.
- 4. Proceed to fill the hole with the mixture, starting with the nozzle deep in the hole and slowly retracting the nozzle as the hole fills. This assures that the epoxy will reach the full length of the anchor. Prodding the adhesive with the tip of the nozzle will collapse air pockets.
- 5. Make sure that the adhesive reaches the very top of the hole, even a little above it. Failure to fill to the top will greatly weaken the bond between the anchor and the asphalt.

INSERT ANCHOR

1. Push the anchor into the hole with a slow down-up motion so that the entire length of the anchor will be wetted by the mixture. When the anchor head is about 2" from the asphalt, inspect the level of the adhesive in the hole. If the level is below the surface, top up the adhesive without pulling out the anchor.



2. Push the anchor in until its head is flush with the surface. You may

need to use the mallet to force the anchor to seat all the way, because the gravel/soil at the bottom tends to close on itself.

- 3. Immediately wet-clean the area around the anchor to remove unsightly adhesive before it cures. Alternately, scrape the excess using a trowel or a piece of cardboard.
- 4. The time for cure is about 15 minutes at 75°F. The time for full cure is 1 hour. Wait 2 hours before exerting a pull load or a heavy torque on the anchors. For pull tests (to failure) wait 24 hours.
- 5. If the EPX2 adhesive fails to start curing due to low temperatures (45F and below), use a blow torch to gently heat the inserted anchor. That will usually get the curing process to start.
- **ATTACH OBJECT** 1. Remove the bolt and washer from the anchor (can be done after 15 minutes at 75F or higher).
 - 2. If you use your own bolt, apply a small amount of Permatex paste along the thread (one side is enough). Use Permatex 80078 for steel anchors, use Permatex 77124 for Stainless Steel anchors.



- 3. Making sure that the plate to be attached is flat and in contact with the head of the anchor, align the holes in the plate with the anchors.
- 4. Insert the washer and the bolt and tighten. Do not exceed the torque allowed in Table 1. Do not use an impact wrench.



BOLT HOLD Anchor Installation Guide V8.2

EPX2 WARNINGS



- Mixed with water but not yet cured, the adhesive is caustic and can cause burns to eye and skin.
- Prevent aluminum from coming in contact for a lengthy period with the installed EPX2 adhesive. No such precaution is necessary for the EPX3.
- Do not use the EPX2 with Dacromet or similar coating that contains aluminum.
- Use of the EPX2 at temperatures lower the 45F is not recommended due to the slowed curing process.

CALCULATORSOur website offers 6 useful calculators that will save you time and will recommend
the least-cost anchors for your application. You can find the calculators at
asphaltanchors.com/Calculators.

- The **Grout** calculator computes the required amount of adhesive for the selected number of anchors of any one anchor model.
- The **Group** calculator provides the rated pull resistance of a group of anchors installed close to each other, in asphalt of specified thickness.
- The **Fence** calculator suggests the number and model of anchors to secure surfacemounted fence posts to asphalt.
- The **Sign** calculator suggests the number and model of anchors to secure a surfacemounted signpost to asphalt.
- The Carport calculator suggests the number and model of anchors to secure surfacemounted carport posts to asphalt
- The **Shed** calculator is like the carport calculator except that is supports walls on all sides

ANCHOR REMOVAL Sometimes an installed anchor needs to be removed. The best time to do so is immediately after installation, before the adhesive is fully cured. That is usually within 15-60 minutes of pouring the adhesive.

The recommended method is to use a socket or wrench and over-tighten the bolt to the point where the entire anchor will rotate and break away from the adhesive that surrounds it. Once the anchor rotates in the asphalt, try and rotate it counterclockwise and it may thread itself out. If that does not work, use two large flat screwdrivers or a nail puller under the anchor's head to extract it.

Removing the anchor this way allows you to reinstall an anchor in the same hole. If the adhesive is already fully cured, the over-tightening method may result in the head of the anchor breaking off the body of the anchor. In that case, you can use a suitable metal drill and drill out the body of the anchor.

